

THE ADAIR COUNTY NEWS.

VOLUME 5

COLUMBIA, ADAIR COUNTY, KENTUCKY WEDNESDAY FEBRUARY 6 1902

NUMBER 13

POST OFFICE DIRECTORY

J. M. Roush, Postmaster.
Office hours, week days 10 a. m. to 5 p. m.

COURT DIRECTORY.

Circuit Court—Three sessions a year—Third Monday in January, third Monday in May and third Monday in September.
Circuit Judge—W. W. Jones.
Commonwealth Attorney—N. H. W. A. Jones.
Sheriff—F. W. Miller.
Clerk—J. B. Coffey.

County Court—First Monday in each month.
Judge—T. A. Merrill.
County Attorney—Jas. G. Smith, Jr.
Clerk—T. B. Smith.
Jailer—J. E. P. Coffey.
Assessor—R. W. Burton.
Surveyor—K. T. McCaffrey.
School Board—W. D. Jones.
Coroner—C. M. Bell.

CITY COURT—Regular court, second Monday in each month.
Judge—W. W. Atkins.
Clerk—Gordon Montgomery.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

PREBYTERIAN.

BRECKINRIDGE ST.—Rev. T. F. Wallen, pastor. Services second and fourth Sundays each month. Sunday-school 10 a. m. every Sabbath. Prayer meeting every Wednesday night.

METHODIST.

BRECKINRIDGE ST.—Rev. W. F. Gordon, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month. Sunday-school every Sabbath at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Thursday night.

BAPTIST.

CAMPBELL ST.—Rev. W. B. Carr, pastor. Services third Sunday each month. Sunday-school every Sabbath at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Tuesday night.

CHRISTIAN.

CAMPBELL ST.—Rev. R. T. Williams, pastor. Services first Sunday in each month. Sunday-school every Sabbath at 9 a. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday night.

LOGGERS.

MASONIC.

COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 2, M. F. and M. S.—Regular meeting in their hall, over bank, on Friday nights or before the full moon in each month. Jas. Garrett, Jr., W. M. G. A. Knap, Sec'y.
COLUMBIA CHAPTER, R. A. M. No. 7, meets Friday night after full moon.
Jas. Garrett, Jr., W. M. F. W. W. BRADSHAW Secretary.

BRUNER & Co.

—WHOLESALE—

PRODUCE DEALERS

We charge no commission on Butter, Poultry and Eggs. Also guarantee highest market prices.

471 Brook Street.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.

Farmers! • Farmers!!

I am prepared to take your orders for

Hydraulic Rams

to throw water from your springs to your houses or barns. Can also furnish pumps of any kind, cheaper than ever. Write to me at Columbia for estimates or call and see me at the "Marcus Hotel."
Yours truly,
N. WOOD.

THE THREE... CITIES SHOE STORE.

DEALERS IN

Exclusive High Grade

Boots and Shoes.

ORDERED OF

New Designs.

Perfect Fitting Modern Shoes.

316 Fourth Avenue,

LOUISVILLE - - - KY.

+ C. M. WISEMAN & SON, +

Successors to Adam Vogt Co.

JEWELERS and OPTICIANS.

Established 1884.

Dealers in Diamonds and Precious Stones.

—

Free line of Holiday goods. Special attention given to work and all orders of goods in our line. 132 West Market between 1st and 2nd.

Opposite Music Hall.

LOUISVILLE - KENTUCKY

Pumps, Hose, Belting,

PACKING.

BOILER TUBES.

Well Casing, Iron Pipe.

General Brass and Iron Goods.

For Water, Gas and Steam.

MILL and Factory Supplies.

THE ANDERSON & CO., MFG. CO.,

INCORPORATED

225-227 S. 4th St.

LOUISVILLE, KY.

GRADUILLIE

Rev. W. B. Cave filled his appointment here Saturday week.

A. B. Wilmore returned from a business trip to Greensburg last week.

Mrs. L. M. Wilmore has been in a critical condition several days.

Born, to the wife of H. A. Walker, on the 21st, a daughter.

Born, to the wife of C. P. Keltner, on the 25th, a son.

A few of our people took a step in the right direction a few days ago by commencing a road from our town to the school building. Why can't we have good roads leading in all directions when we are accessible to plenty of material and labor can be secured without much expense.

Mrs. Susan Fletcher, wife of Frank Fletcher and a daughter of the late Rev. John Roe, died at her home on Leatherwood creek on the 25th, of fever.

She was a member of the United Brethren church and a Christian in the truest sense. She leaves several children and a number of relatives and friends to mourn their loss.

Rev. T. Campbell preached the funeral and the remains were interred in the family cemetery.

Tarter, Dudley & Co., the well known fox hunters, made it very profitable last week. They got one red fox and one of the largest turkey gobblers that ever flew over the hills of Adair county.

Mr. J. W. Pendleton, of Montpellier, spent one day here recently.

Mrs. Julia Baker is at the bedside of her sick father, Mr. W. M. Waggoner.

Mr. Jim Willis Walker has returned to Greensburg.

Mr. Lafayette Hamilton, of Edmononton, was here a few days ago and made arrangements for his daughter to enter school here in the near future.

Rev. Ed Wilson filled his appointment here Saturday Springs.

W. W. Yates has returned from Metcalfe county with a nice bunch of cattle that he bought at 4c.

A. H. H. of Columbia, bought of J. D. Walker, 20 head of two year old steers at 4c.

Mrs. Alice Fitzgerald, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. Wilson at this place, has returned to her home at Covington.

Mr. Geo. W. Staples, of Columbia was mixing with the people here a few days ago.

Messrs. Peter Compton and C. L. Kelter have exchanged farms. We take it that they both consider that they made a good trade.

We were well represented last week with commercial men from the smallest to the largest and they all had a good trade with our merchants.

Mr. John Doolin, a popular young man who recently moved to this county from Metcalfe was married to a young lady of that county a few days ago. We are unable to give her name. A few of our people attended the reception. Success to them.

RUSSELL SPRINGS.

As it has been a long time since the little city of Russell Springs was represented in your paper, I will send you a short letter.

The town is increasing in size, but decreasing in other particulars.

Rev. Wilson delivered two interesting sermons here last Sunday—forenoon and evening.

Russell Springs has two new stores. Dr. R. A. Horvath has embarked in the drug business, and Irvin Bros. have a general store.

There was a storm party at Mr. Harrison Stanton's a few nights ago, and the young people spent a very delightful time notwithstanding they were frequently interrupted by the old folks.

A Chicago Alderman, who has counted them, says that there are three buildings and so many in the city that are 11 or more stories in height. One of the three is the Masonic Temple, of sixteen story buildings there are in the city seven, of fifteen story three, of fourteen story six, and of thirteen story even buildings. A renewed attempt is being made to prohibit the erection of the present limit of 11 stories in the building department.

Bob Allen was shot and killed in Russell county, and Joseph Haden in a bag with the crime.

Big Oil Strike.

The well on the Harrison farm, three miles northwest of Glasgow, is undoubtedly the best that has yet come in in the Barren county oil field, and oil men hereabouts are in high spirits over the strike.

The strike was made last Thursday, but the matter has been kept so quiet that no one but those directly interested knew what had been found, and they were unable to learn anything until yesterday, when the Melbush brothers, who are superintending the drilling for the Kentucky and Tennessee Oil and Gas Company, gave out the information.

The Melbush brothers stand high in the oil fields of the East as oil experts of the first rank, and their opinion goes a long way with oil men. They both express themselves as thoroughly satisfied, and say that when the test is applied to the well, which it will be as soon as the necessary apparatus can be got on the ground, the well will be found to be the best yet brought in this field.

So thoroughly satisfied is the Kentucky and Tennessee Company with what they have found in this territory that the Melbush brothers have let the contracts for ten more wells in the Barren creek territory, to be put down as fast as the work can be done.

The Beaver Creek Oil and Gas Company, whose chief promoters are Messrs. L. W. Preston, Jas. A. Bailey, S. T. Young and J. F. Taylor, owns leases all around the Harrison well, and all along Beaver creek from the Louisville and Nashville pike to where Beaver creek empties into Skages creek, a distance of ten miles or more, and they last night were offering a bonus of one dollar an acre for lands in the green and amber oil district. Anybody having land in that territory can make a deal by calling on them at their office here.

There is going to be news from the Barren county oil field inside of thirty days that will attract oil men from everywhere—Glasgow Times.

By the People.

The Kentucky legislature has adopted a resolution declaring that United States Senators should be elected by the direct vote of the people. In taking this action, the legislature has acted in concert with every state legislative body now in session. It has furthermore expressed the opinion of an overwhelming majority of the citizens of Kentucky regardless of politics. Upon this issue, public sentiment appears to be a unit everywhere.

In Virginia, North Carolina and South Carolina the plan of nominating United States Senators in regular democratic primaries has been adopted by the parties authorities. In several other states the like end has been reached by practically the same methods.

Every county in Kentucky should instruct its delegates to the next democratic state convention to vote for a resolution declaring for the election of United States Senators by the direct vote of the people. There is no more reason why the voters should not elect their United States Senators than that they should not have the right to choose their own congressmen.—Glasgow Times.

Mason and Dixon's Line.

Mason and Dixon's line is not to be allowed to lose its markings and to drop out of existence, so far as visible signs of its historic location are concerned. The famous old boundary that divided the North and South, that marked the line between free territory, and that has been talked about, written about, argued about and fought about more than any other line ever laid out on the continent, is now being surveyed, and its location definitely marked.

The old stone posts that were set along its course after Charles Mason and Jeremiah Dixon marked it out in 1763 are being reset in solid concrete bases, and iron posts are being substituted in places where the old posts have disappeared.

Generations yet to come will be able to follow that line, established in the middle of the Eighteenth Century, to verify boundaries in the survey that was to mark the boundary between the grants to William Penn and Lord Baltimore, that follows the southern boundary of Pennsylvania, dividing it from Delaware, Maryland and Virginia, and which has found adventurous place in American history.

SCHLEY.

And Schley! Why here here he is! What is the matter with you? What are you making all this fuss about? It is a grand swell, isn't it? Groundswell! It is an earthquake!

And what does it mean, what is its significance?

Simply this, that he was there; that he won the fight; and that the other man was not and did not. So much to begin with. Next, if a single Spanish slip had got away, Schley would have been court-martialed. Not one got away. Next, since others have the prize money, Schley is entitled to the glory. And, finally and more than all, there has seemed a conspiracy somewhere to cheat him even out of the glory. Public opinion just rears back on its hind legs and rears this. The sentiment of the age is greatly aggravated by the circumstance that a male strumpet, carried on the pay-rolls of the Navy Department, supported by a great but degenerate Publishing House and, apparently approved by persons in authority, was permitted to blackguard this noble officer and gentleman without a word of rebuke during the entire period of his mission to which he was subjected.

The people en masse would rebuke these monstrosities of Administration. They will have none of them. They know Schley to be, as each of our great naval commanders, from Paul Jones to Farragut, has been, a gentleman a hero; as for our frail humanity may compass, incapable of intentional wrong; a sailor and a fighter, but, also, a humanitarian, who risked his life successfully, and without losing it, to save the lives of his fellows.

Open the doors wide. Ring out all the bells! It is Schley, of Maryland; Schley, of the Brooklyn; Schley, of Santiago—Courier Sun.

More Philippine Imperialism.

Some idea of the extent to which we have gone in the Philippines toward the worst phases of imperialism may be gained from the cablegrams which say that both the civil and military authorities over there object to the publication in the islands of the speech by Dr. Schurman or the minority report in the senate on the Philippine tariff bill. Their idea seems to be that the Philippines ought not to be allowed to know that an eminent American, who was president of the first commission sent to them, is in favor of their complete independence, or that a respectable minority of the American senate feels the like sentiment.

Spain could have done no worse than to shut up the islands to darkness and to war. We can do the Philippines, however, not nearly so much harm by such a policy of press censorship and total embargo of news concerning the currents of opinion in the United States upon these subjects of Philippine possession and policy. It is a sort of pre-emptory and ear-slapping process to which our people have not been accustomed and we do not believe they will approve its application to the Philippines.

It may be true, a General Wheaton says, that "men have been sent to prison" in the islands for just such remarks as have been made by President Schurman and by the minority of the senate committee; but that does not do much credit to our Philippine administrators nor make their policy any more palatable to Freedom-loving Americans.

Wanted by Uncle Sam.

Deputy Marshal William Blades will leave this morning for Hodgenville, Laune county, to secure Robt. W. Anderson and H. E. Simpson, accused by Uncle Sam. The men are wanted of breaking into the postoffice at Gentry's Mill, Adair county, two weeks ago and stealing postal cards and stamps to the value of about \$20.

Two days after the robbery was committed they were arrested by the civil authorities at Hodgenville. They were given ten days in jail for carrying concealed and deadly weapons. They are to be released today at noon.

The men are in ignorance of the fact that when they are loosed from the iron bars they are to fall into the hands of minions representing Uncle Sam.—Louisville Commercial.

Two Rogers, until recently Sheriff of Hodgenville, county is dead.

Several of the convicts who escaped from the Federal prison near Tacoma were recaptured.

Property Exempt from Debt.

The following list of articles exempt from distribution and sale, and shall be set apart to the widow or infant child or children, by the appraisers of the estate of an intestate, to-wit: Two horses, or one horse and yoke of oxen; and if not on hand, other property or money not to exceed in value \$100 for each work horse or yoke of oxen; ten head of sheep; if none on hand, other property or money not to exceed \$50 per head; two cows and calves; if none, other property or money not to exceed \$20 for each cow and calf; all the poultry on hand; if none, other property or money not to exceed \$5; all the span yarn and manufactured cloth and carpeting manufactured by the family necessary for its use; if none, in lieu thereof, other property or money not to exceed \$20; all the wearing apparel; the family Bible and one table; or in lieu of the family Bible and table, \$5 each; one man, spinning wheel, and cards, or in lieu thereof, either money or property, not to exceed \$15; one bed, bedding and furniture; if not on hand, either property or money, not to exceed \$10 in value each; one half dozen plates; one half dozen cups, and saucers; one coffee pot; one tea-pot; one half dozen knives and forks; one oven and pot; if none on hand, other property or money, not to exceed \$1 each; one cooking stove and appendages and other cooking utensils, not exceeding \$25 in value, but if not on hand, nothing shall be set apart in lieu thereof; one half dozen chairs, or so many as shall not exceed \$8 in value; and if not on hand, other property or money, not to exceed \$5; one sewing machine; one half dozen cups, and saucers; one coffee pot; one tea-pot; one half dozen knives and forks; one oven and pot; if none on hand, other property or money, not to exceed \$10; one ax, one saw, one pick, one shovel, one hoe, one wagon; if none, other property in lieu thereof, not to exceed \$50; one sewing machine; one half dozen cups, and saucers; one coffee pot; one tea-pot; one half dozen knives and forks; one oven and pot; 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THE ADAM COUNTY NEWS

Published Every Wednesday
BY THE

Adair County News Co.

(INCORPORATED)

CHAS. S. HARRIS, Editor.

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WEDNESDAY, FEB. 5.

The great Editor of the Courier-Journal at last sees the signs of the imperialistic tendency of the Republican party couched behind the unjust and humiliating reprimand of General Miles, by the President. Mr. Waterson's editorial of February 1st, styled, "The March of Imperialism," is a masterpiece of logic, a clear note of warning and a strong appeal to the friends of a true Republic to stand together and work to ward off imperialism. The Courier-Journal is an advocate of expansion, but an enemy of imperialism. We have never believed that our government would be made better, wiser or richer by acquiring possessions and administering carpet-bag government to a land and people so remote from our shores, our form of Government and our social life and institutions as the Islanders of Asiatic sea. We have never believed such expansion would result in good to the principles that underlie a true Republic; we have feared the tendency to drift the power from the people and to rest it in rulers and galling yokes. From the beginning of the human race the strong has sought to subdue the weak, the rich has oppressed the poor, and the shrewd and cunning have cheated the simple. He who has the power claims the right to rule. This was exemplified when the American Colonies were forced to revolt and the spirit that actuated our forefathers has been the beacon light of the world—setting up the freest, truest governments ever instituted by man. True to the form and spirit of Government and constitution we have become a power—a power not acquired by force of arms but by a strict administration of the principles that "just governments derive their power from the consent of the governed." Greed and ambition seek wealth and power and when once strongly entrenched it cost war to overthrow. It is easier and wiser to check the ambitious official or party that seeks to pervert the constitution or to usurp a power than to overthrow after acquisition. If Mr. Waterson's conclusions of the President's real intentions are correct, then Mr. Roosevelt is a dangerous Executive and that part of his party who believes in a free Republic should cast him aside and repudiate his imperialistic tendencies and efforts.

Mr. T. A. Murrell, who has had full and complete control of the Columbia Spectator for the past year, gives place to Mr. W. D. Jones, who has heretofore had experience in the same publication. Mr. Murrell announces that he will continue to contribute to the editorial columns, but passes the business and management and the local part to Mr. Jones. We have no tears to shed over the retirement of the one and the inauguration of the other; neither will the change disturb the patrons of the paper, for the reputation it has enjoyed under Mr. Murrell's management will descend and abide with Mr. Jones. While Mr. Murrell was our competitor, the two papers lived in peace, and we anticipate no war with the gentleman who now holds the reins.

The attorneys for Howard filed a motion last Friday for a new hearing, offering seven reasons why it should be granted and the most powerful of the seven reads thus: "The Court failed to instruct the jury as to the good character of the accused." What a job Judge Cantrell will have if required to state the character of Howard! It is probably unknown how many men he has killed.

W. S. Taylor, the ring leader of the murderers of the late Mr. Goebel, was entertained by the former Governor of Indiana last week. It is only a question of time when Taylor will be the chief factor in a Kentucky entertainment.

The following timely article was taken from the Boston Herald-Journal. It is Democratic, and it is with pleasure that we reproduce it for our readers—Looking at politics from a higher plane than place and patronage, Mr. Bryan is right in his plea for the union of a party upon great principles. It was what gave Jefferson and Jackson their power in the party, and later Tilden, Thurman, Hendricks and Cleveland. It is, says the Pittsburg Post, what gives Mr. Bryan his way over millions of his countrymen, without scrap of office or patronage at his disposal. A party without principles, he truthfully asserts, can have no claim on public confidence. In a contest for mere spoils of office and power the Democratic party stands no chance. When it is a contest for principles, in which the masses believe and are united, we can always make an earnest, and sometimes successful, battle against great odds. Even if success is denied us, our duty remains. It is no dishonor to be out-voted this year when we may win next. Disgrace only comes with an abandonment of principle and a shilly-shally or evasive declaration of our faith in principles and policies which the people have at heart and believe in more thoroughly than they do in the prestige of power. "Must we abandon," says Mr. Bryan, "the self-evident truth that governments derive their just powers from the consent of the governed? Must we accept imperialism as an accomplished fact and join in the shout for blood and conquest?" Here we get to the bedrock of Democratic faith. It is the pressing issue of the hour. In a practical way it is before Congress at this time, in legislation proposed for the Philippines, but more nearly affecting the American people, for if imperialism, colonialism, militarism, and the rejection of the Great Declaration are to become the settled policy of the country, what will the Republic be worth, when such scraps of monarchical or imperial policies become permanent fixtures? These questions are before Congress in the consideration of the Philippine bill, which will revolutionize the structure and methods of republican government. They are present in the consideration of the tariff and with them the supremacy of money, trusts and corporations in government. Here are issues on which the Democratic party is united—on which its future rests and which must be met and decided. "So the Democratic party," Mr. Bryan concludes, "whether in or out of power, is striving mankind when it stands steadfastly for constitutional government, and insists that that government shall be administered according to Jeffersonian maxims, 'equal rights to all and special privileges to none.'"

The Advocate writing about the colored man Wood, who resides in Danville, and who was in Washington last week, urging the President to give the negroes of Kentucky some pie, says—"Is it possible that the colored brother in Kentucky is at last awakening to the realization of the fact that for, these many years, he has been but the hawker of wood and the drawer of water for the G. O. P.? That in the distribution of the loaves and fishes he has been persistently forgotten and overlooked by those who whom him up just on the eve of an election, in order that thereafter they may enjoy the fruits of his voting and hold high revel at the pie counter, while he looks on unfed and hungry? Indeed, does look so to a man up a tree, when brother Wood and his cotermine made forced marches on the capital in order to deliver a message to the President in which they say that 'not one of our number holds a Presidential appointment, except one in the consular service.' Whether or not the 'hunger and apathy' can be soothed by a rough rider remains to be seen."

The latest storm last week did considerable damage to Kentucky towns. The loss at Paducah was estimated at \$250,000. Business of all classes was suspended and the newspapers were not issued for two days. In Louisville business was retarded and telephone communication stopped. No man ever received greater honor than was shown Admiral Schley by the City of Louisville last week.

The trial of Jim Howard for the murder of the late Governor Goebel, was concluded at Frankfort last week. The jury was out a little over two hours and brought in a verdict fixing his punishment at confinement in the penitentiary for life. Upon the first ballot the jury voted unanimously that Howard was guilty. The second ballot disclosed that five were for hanging and seven for imprisonment for life. The five finally made to the seven and the verdict made. A motion for a new trial was made and overruled, and the case will be taken to the Court of Appeals. Howard was not the least disturbed when the verdict was read, and in a few minutes thereafter laughed and chatted with his friends. So far as we are able to discern Howard has not only had one but two fair trials and twice convicted, once to hang. One thing certain James A. Violet, Attorney for Howard and one of the ablest lawyers in the State, made a master effort for his client and in his speech before the jury stated that he made no intimation that the council for the commonwealth had done any thing wrong in the prosecution of Howard. He said that there was no lawyer who believed more freely in the absolute honesty, integrity and fairness of Judge Cantrell than he, that no man could have construed the law better or throw more protection around Jim Howard in his trial than the honorable court. This, an outspoken endorsement of the trial from Howard's ablest attorney, ought to silence the organs that have sought to make political capital out of one of the foulest conspiracies and murders ever perpetrated in America. Twice proven guilty, twice convicted.

The Philadelphia Times says "the future of the country should fill every American with hope and confidence, for our commercial supremacy is secure." The Cincinnati Enquirer commenting on the above sentence, rightfully says: "This is unbecome. Our country, like every other country, has its business ups and downs; and the selfish course of tariff oppression of our own semi-dependencies is not well calculated to glorify us in the future. We may so adjust the tariff to have the advantage of other countries for awhile, but we cannot legislate for all the world forever. The statement of other countries are studying the tariff as industriously as our statesmen, and the time must come for a fair distribution of advantages."

A Republican paper points to the fact that Mr. Bryan is building a house (not so expensive as the republican paper reports, but still a good house) as evidence that he is getting "his share of republican prosperity." It may be interesting for the republicans to know that the house is being built from the proceeds of the "First Battle," which was published immediately after the election of 1890 and before the republicans began to boast of prosperity. Republican policies have not benefited Mr. Bryan except in the sense that a physician is indebted to sickness for his income. Republican policies furnish Mr. Bryan texts for editorials and speeches—Comme ça va.

The Republican members of the Ways and means Committee have decided to shelve the question of reciprocity with Cuba until they have framed a bill for the reduction of the war revenue tax. A majority is prepared to favor a war bill practically wiping out the tax which aggregates about \$98,000,000.

Edward and John Biddle, two notorious criminals, who were to have been executed at Pittsburg, Pa., made their escape by sawing through the jail bars. The wife of the Warder of the prison furnished the tools and left with the convicts, she having fallen desperately in love with Edward, the youngest of the two.

Dan Collier lost out in his fight for the Surveyorship, and Barnett was appointed. This is a throw-down for Gov. Bradley, and a feather in Yerkes' cap. Deloit was for Barnett but his influence did not amount to a notch on a stick.

It is now said that the Filipinos will be subdued by the end of this month. When February closes the time will be extended.

The Ways and Means Committee, by unanimous vote, last Wednesday instructed Chairman Payson to prepare a bill repealing all the war revenue taxes except the tax on mixed flour. The action taken was in the form of a resolution to the effect that the bill should provide for the repeal of the remaining war taxes, to take effect on July 1, 1892, except that the repeal of the duty on tea should go into effect January 1, 1903. The only division in the committee was on Amendments proposed by the Democratic members. Representative Richardson, of Tennessee, proposed an amendment to put tariff-made articles on the free list. This was defeated by a party vote, as was the amendment of Representative Robertson, of Louisiana, to continue the tax on "buckethops." Representative Newlands, of Nevada, offered two amendments, one exempting from the repeal the tax on petroleum and sugar refiners, and another imposing a tax of one-tenth of 1 per cent. on the gross receipts of any industrial corporation having receipts of \$1,000,000 annually. Both amendments were defeated by party votes.

The President last Wednesday reappointed G. M. Barnett Surveyor of Customs in Louisville, thus ending a long fight made by former Gov. Bradley in behalf of D. R. Collier. It is a triumph for Commissioner Yerkes and further stamps him as "patronage" man for Kentucky.

Notwithstanding the appeal of Admiral Schley was not granted he will always remain the hero of the American people the hero of Santiago, Naval rules may force an officer "to go away back and sit down," but the valor and courage displayed by Schley will never die with the American people.

It is predicted when the action of the Ways and Means Committee of the House, refusing Cuba any tariff concessions, reaches the Senate there will be a long dead lock.

It's a great wonder that President Roosevelt don't reprimand some of the leading news paper men of the country.

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are effectually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. C. D. Glass, an employee of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cough and cold in the winter of 1891, trying every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr. Houlahan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's cough remedy and offered to pay back my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy and have since turned to it when I get a cold, and soon found relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by M. Craven.

Courier-Journal and News, \$1.50 a year.

BELL'S - HOTEL
7th and Market
Eugene Bell Manager Louisville Ky

Will be thoroughly Overhauled and Renovated and will be opened for business about March 15th. This hotel, which was formerly the Phoenix, will have an annex and wing with frontage at 228, 228 and 230 7th street, where the entrance office and lobby will be located, and will be conducted on both American and English Plan. American plan \$1.00 per day up, European plan, 50c per day up.
Good Order and Polite Treatment Guaranteed.

Columbia - Roller - Mill.
W. R. MYERS, Proprietor.

I manufacture the celebrated "Souvenir" and "Columbia Rolls" brands of Flour, handle Meal, Bran and Ship-Stuff, buy Wheat and Corn and furnish all kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber.

Furniture Department.
If you need Bedroom Sets, Book Cases, Bedsteads, Tables, etc., etc., call and see me or address
W. R. MYERS,
Columbia, Kentucky.

THE LATEST.
The President is for Cuban reciprocity, and last Saturday he summoned Speaker Henderson and Representative Dabell before him, as he had discovered that it was these men who blocked it. He gave them some plain talk, and when they parted they understood that the President wanted a tariff reduction of 25 per cent.

John and Edward Biddle, murderers who escaped from the Pittsburg, Pa. jail, and who were overtake and shot by officers, are dead. Mrs. Boffel, who was also shot, is very low.

The news from Washington is, that McKenize Moss will give John S. Rhea's seat in Congress.

Two or more persons were indicted at Frankfort last week for complicity in the Goebel murder. Judge Cantrell ordered their names kept a secret until bench warrants were issued.

Hon. R. J. Breckinridge will give up the office of Attorney General the first of April.

Lieut. Leeton Young has been promoted to the rank of Commander and has been assigned to the cruiser Detroit.

The Treasury Department was formally transferred by Lyman J. Gage to Leslie M. Shaw, many years being asked for the retiring official.

The rapid rise of the Ohio river at Cincinnati is causing apprehension.

Prominent men of Missouri, native Kentuckians, visited Louisville and Frankfort last week and were royally entertained. They asked a liberable appropriation by the Legislature for a Kentucky exhibit at the St. Louis Fair.

MILLTOWN.
On account of Russell creek being out of the banks last week the mail did not reach for several days.

Miss Nellie Mercer left Sunday to attend school at Canmer.

Mrs. J. L. Gowen, of Larue county, is visiting her parent J. C. Townsend at this writing.

Mrs. J. R. Tett and Mrs. G. B. Cheatham were visiting in Cane Valley a few days ago.

G. T. Rogers has bought a fine lot of tobacco in the last few days.

Miss Hallie Cusdift, of Cane Valley, is teaching school here.

Through a mistake of our last week correspondent we noticed that it was said that Mr. W. H. Townsend and sister, were in Oklahoma. It is a mistake, they are in Dallas, Tex., clerking.

Ber, Sandridge, of this place, filed his appointment in Hart county Sunday and returned Tuesday.

Wess Hatcher, a colored man of this place, sold to J. C. Spenser, of Fry, six bags of twelve dollars.

Bowen Fien and wife were visiting Mr. Sherrod Hatcher, of near Cane Valley.

Mr. Rich Butler and family, formerly of this place, who went to Missum a few months ago, arrived back in old Kentucky a few days ago.

There will be preaching at this place Sunday by Rev. W. B. Cave.

Mrs. Susan Ruhl, formerly of this place, is now living with her daughter, Mrs. W. E. Johnston, of near Camp Knox.

FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL.
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FIFTH AVENUE, BET. GREEN AND WALNUT STREETS.
LOUISVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY.
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Re-arranged, Redecorated and Remodeled. A First-Class Hotel at Popular Prices. Convenient to Wholesale and Retail Districts, Churches and Theatres.
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Stoves and Ranges.
For good grade of sheet iron stoves, stove pipe, elbows and dampers, call on me.
COOK STOVES.
Sold with or without vessels; extra low. Come and get my prices before buying.
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HENRY KOEHLER.
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HENRY KOEHLER & CO.,
12th and Broadway, 9th and Kentucky,
Louisville, - - - Kentucky.
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D. TRAIANO & CO.,
WHOLESALE—
PRODUCE COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
154 EAST JEFFERSON STREET.
LOUISVILLE, - - - KENTUCKY.
WE WANT
POULTRY, EGGS AND BUTTER.
IT WILL PAY SHIPPERS TO CORRESPOND WITH.....
D. TRAIANO & COMPANY.

WAIT FOR THE NEW JEW STORE,
JO STRULL, Proprietor.

I have rented the business house of N. M. Tutt, South Corner Public Square, Columbia, Ky., and will open a general line of merchandise the 15th of March.

Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Ladies' and Gent's Furnishing Goods, I want all kinds of Country Produce, for which, I will pay the highest price.

Jo Strull, - - - Columbia, Ky.

HARRY B. PYNE. WILL S. BRENTLINGER
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MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
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119 to 125
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Eugene Bell Manager Louisville Ky

Columbia - Roller - Mill.
W. R. MYERS, Proprietor.

Furniture Department.
If you need Bedroom Sets, Book Cases, Bedsteads, Tables, etc., etc., call and see me or address
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Columbia, Kentucky.

Need for Consistency.

Best sugar interests in the South and West can hardly afford to oppose Cuba by refusing to make any concessions regarding the proposed reduction of the tariff on sugar imported from this country from the island. As Palma said recently, the United States will be recalcitrant to their duty if they neglect to provide the Cubans with the means of industrial prosperity.

To date there has been nothing to mar the good record in dealing with our Cuban neighbors. In contradiction to the treatment accorded to Porto Ricans and the Filipinos in various instances our attitude toward the Cubans is all American pride requires.

The South and West were the first to interest the country in the deplorable condition of Cuba. These two sections of the country gave full sway to their sympathies for the revolutionists. A larger proportion of volunteers for the war with Spain was raised in the South and West than in the North and East. The chivalrous instincts of the nation were best illustrated by such troops as the Twentieth Kansas and the Rough Riders.

Why should not this same chivalry be displayed in giving industrial peace to Cuba? There is no purpose to cripple the best sugar interests. Cuba asks that the tariff be lowered enough to permit the shipment of sugar into the United States on a basis where it can compete with Porto Rican and Hawaiian importations. A reasonable reduction of the tariff will not harm the best sugar interests. Especially is there no reason why Democrats should be so inconsistent as to favor protection for that one interest while advocating free trade for industries that happen to be located in the North. Cuba must be assisted. Its material prosperity is no less a consideration than its political liberty.—St. Louis Republic.

Cost of an Unamerican War.

In the course of the House debate on the urgent deficiency appropriation bill Representative Cochran of Missouri, reminded Congress that the war to subjugate the people of the Philippines has already cost the United States Government enough to construct the Nicaragua canal and to build 300 warships for the American Navy.

This startling presentation of a plain truth will not be lost on the American people. The ghastly Philippine muddle has become a very sore spot on the national body. A policy of helpless indecision, of infirm judgment, of unwillingness to face the truth and act thereon according to American standards, has placed this Government in a sorry plight. The hundreds of millions of dollars that are being spent in the Philippines are worse than wasted. They are being paid out to commit us finally and irrevocably to colonialism and imperialism.

The pity of the situation is infinite. For the first time in history the American flag is made the standard of conquest for the depopulation and subjugation of a weaker people. For the first time in history American soldiers are being compelled to fight against a nation aspiring to be free and to exercise the God-given right of self-government. There is no satisfaction possible to Americans from such a war. There can be no glory in victory at the cost of liberty to another people. We are fighting against ourselves when we fight against any race which seeks to be free like ourselves. Our own freedom is endangered when we deprive a weaker nation of freedom.

Americans are not blind to these truths. The colossal tragedy of the Philippines is teaching its inevitable lesson. The blood and money cost of a war which violates the basic principles of American Government is bitterly recognized. The American imperialists responsible for the appalling Philippine situation will yet be held to account and full accounting by the American people.—St. Louis Republic.

The following is a description of one of the men in jail at Hartford on the charge of robbing the bank at that place. He claims to be from this section, and some of our readers may recognize him by the description: George G. Gray claims to be from Greenwald, Green county, Ky., but he knows no one at that place. Says he is twenty years old, but looks forty or fifty years older. Weight 160 pounds; height 5 feet 9 inches; eyes blue; hair very light; complexion very fair; clean shaven; has scar one half inch long on first joint right middle finger; extensive varicose veins on inside right leg and thigh.

Courier-Journal and News, 21.25 a copy.

Railroad to Burksville.

Articles of incorporation have been filed with the County Clerk here for the Glasgow and Burksville and Cumberland Valley Traction Company, with a capital stock of \$10,000, which may be increased to \$50,000.

The purpose of the company is to build and operate an electric railroad from Glasgow to Burksville and to furnish light, heat and power to towns along the route.

The route of the road will be from Glasgow to Summer Shade, thence to Edmonston, thence to Marrowbone and there to Burksville, the estimated distance being forty miles.

The incorporators are W. P. Dickerson, of Newport, Ky.; J. A. Dixon, J. E. McMurtry and C. W. Alexander, of Burksville; Jas. I. Alexander, of Marrowbone; J. S. Leech, J. W. Jones, Glasgow.

The principal place of business will be Glasgow, and the first election of officers will be held here February 19. As soon as an organization is perfected the work of surveying the road will begin.

Those who have charge of the affairs of the new company at this end of the line say there is no doubt but the road will be built.—Glasgow Times.

Prayer for Humanity.

Following the holding of a mass meeting in the interest of reciprocity with the United States the citizens of Havana formed a procession, marched to the palace occupied by Governor General Wood and petitioned the president of the United States for American help to save Cuba from ruin and desolation.

The disaster which threatens Cuba is one solely the consequence of a protective tariff if that burden is placed on Cuban products. The people of the island must needs look to the American people alone for rescue. The tariff tax which they fear is being concerted by the United States Government. Cuba is forbidden by us to make treaties with any other nation calculated to protect and encourage her trade, agriculture and industries. If we place a high tariff on her products the result will be calamitous.

On our part, we have solemnly pledged the national honor that we shall deal fairly and justly with Cuba. The public sentiment of the United States demands the fulfillment of this pledge. Violation of the pledge is urged by certain special interests which will profit from the destruction of Cuban industries. The final decision in the matter rests with the American Congress. All the pressure possible to the syndicate masters of the Republican majority in Congress is being brought to bear to impose a high tariff on Cuban products. The unhappy outlook at the present moment is that Congress will yield to this pressure.

The Havana procession to the gates of the American Governor General's palace, there to entreat justice at our hands, was a pathetic historical event. Also will it be an ominous event for us if we refuse the people's prayer. We cannot do wrong to a weaker people and escape the penalty. God will not permit the world's greatest free government to sin against the spirit of freedom and not be punished for that sin. What shall be our answer to the prayer of the Cuban people? Just and humane dealing with a weak and helpless nation holding our promise for such dealing, or high-handed oppression in the form of a tyrannical taxation for the further enrichment of American plutocrats? The decision in this solemn matter is of tremendously greater moment to ourselves than to Cuba. If we wrong that little people, being too mighty for them to resist, we shall pay for the wrong in disaster and humiliation as sure as God's justice prevails.—St. Louis Republic.

Medical authorities at Manila believe that much of the illness and breaking down of troops in the Philippines is due to homesickness, and plans are on foot for a brief daily cable service of American men, little of which reaches even Manila. Some time ago the government bought several tons of candy for its Philippine soldiers, and now if they are to get "letters from ma" every day, they will certainly be envied by the troops in Europe.

Notice to the Public.

Why not have a really good health. Don't let prejudice keep you from getting well when I have the remedies that will cure you. Bartlett's Challenge Tonic Bitters are the best on earth and are a sure cure for the sufferer. Women will find in them the greatest blessing ever placed in their reach. With their use strength and ambition will return; the unfaded complexion will change to one of steel and robust form and the ready glow of perfect health will appear where disease once was. The great virtue and merit of this wonderful remedy are being heralded in the strongest language by all those using them, as they are worth their weight in gold. They will restore and preserve the human health. If you are feeling debilitated don't wait until you are down sick before using the tonic. Hundreds of people are going about with a disordered stomach, liver or kidneys, or a dry hacking cough, with one foot in the grave, when a bottle of Bartlett's Challenge Tonic Bitters would do them more good than all the expensive doctors they have ever tried. Remember, Bartlett's Challenge Tonic Bitters are the best in the world.

Prepared by A. T. Bartlett, Kane Valley, Ky.

Georgia's Ancient Gold Mines.

Before the discovery of the rich gold fields in California in 1849 Georgia was the center of the gold mining industry in the United States. Consequently it will not surprise Georgians to know that the oldest gold mine in the country is to be found in this State.

This ancient bed of the yellow metal is known as the Calhoun mine and is located in Lumpkin county, near Danlogans. The mine was discovered as far back as 1828 and was owned at one time by John C. Calhoun, the great nullifier, whose name has been associated with it ever since. After passing out of the hands of Mr. Calhoun it became the property of some agricultural institution in the State of South Carolina.

For many years the mine was not worked with much profit to the owners, but recently it has come into the hands of an enterprising company of owners, who have put six men to work in it yield as much as \$500 per month. Gradually the eyes of the country are turning once more to the mountains of north Georgia in quest of the yellow metal; and judging from discoveries which have recently been made it will not be long before this State again becomes an active center of the gold mining industry.—Constitution.

After July 1, 1902, the only kind of pistol that can be sold lawfully in South Carolina will be 22 inches long and weighing not less than three pounds. Under such conditions South Carolina statesman will continue to rely on the pitchfork.—Courier Journal.

Heads Should Never Ache.

Never endure this trouble. Use at once the remedy that stopped it for Mrs. N. A. Webster, of Winton, Va., who writes: "Dr. King's New Life Pills wholly cured me of headaches I had suffered from for two years." Cure headache, constipation and biliousness. 25c at T. E. Paull, and W. H. Wilkinson, of Liberty.

Some New Bills.

Requiring railroads to fence their right of way.

To prohibit the manufacture or sale of cigarettes.

To provide for the erection of a new capitol.

To provide for the assessment of lands only once in four years.

To require lobbyists to register and pay a license.

Making the carrying of concealed deadly weapons a felony.

The Secret of Long Life.

Consists in keeping all the main organs of the body in healthy regulation, and in quickly destroying deadly disease germs. Electric bitters regulate stomach, liver and kidneys, purify the blood, and give a splendid appetite. They work wonders in curing kidney troubles, female complaints, nervous diseases, constipation, dyspepsia and malaria. Vigorous health and strength always follow their use. Only 50c, guaranteed by Paull, of Columbia, and W. H. Wilkinson, of Liberty.

Fire at Somerset destroyed a beer-bottling and cold storage plant.

Seven bodies are reported to have been taken out of the ruins caused by fire at Davis, W. Va.

Finds Way to Live Long.

The startling announcement of a discovery that will surely lengthen life is made by editor O. H. Downey, of Columbus, Ind.: "I wish to state," he writes, "that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption is the most infallible remedy that I have ever known for coughs, colds and grip. It is invaluable to people with weak lungs. Having this wonderful medicine no one need dread pneumonia or consumption. Its relief is instant and cure certain." T. E. Paull, of Columbia, and W. H. Wilkinson, of Liberty, guarantee 50c and \$1.00 bottle, sample free.

United States Judge Evans refused to grant the temporary injunction sought by the Central Stockyard Company against the Louisville and Nashville railroad on the ground that he did not have jurisdiction.

New Century Comfort.

Millions are daily finding a world of comfort in Buck's Arnica Salve. It kills pain from burns, scalds, cuts, bruises, hemorrhoids, ulcers, and fever sores; cures eruptions, salt rheum, boils and felonies; removes corns and warts. Best pile cure on earth. Only 25c at T. E. Paull, Columbia, and W. H. Wilkinson, Liberty.

The Senate refused to consider Mr. Mason's resolution extending the thanks of Congress to Rear Admiral Schley and referred the measure to the Committee on Naval Affairs.

Cures Eczema, Itching Humors.

Through the blood by taking Burt's Blood Balm (B. B. B.), which makes the blood pure and rich, heals every sore, scab, scale, boil or eruption and stops the itching of eczema. B. B. B. cures eczema, the worst and most deep-seated cases. B. B. B. kills the humors in the blood. Druggists, A. D. Describe trouble and trial bottle sent free by writing Burt's Blood Balm Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Gov. Franklin Murphy was inaugurated Governor of New Jersey Monday.

"I lobbied into Mr. Blackman's drug store one evening," says Westinghouse of Hamilton, Ga., "and he asked me to try Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism with which I had suffered for a long time. I told him I had no faith in any medicine as they all failed. He said: 'Well if Chamberlain's pain balm does not help you, you need not pay for it.' I took a bottle of it home and used it according to the directions and in one week I was cured, and have not since been troubled with rheumatism." Sold by Mr. Craven.

Two submarine torpedo boats are soon to be launched at San Francisco.

The claim of other cough medicines to be as good as Chamberlain's are factually set at rest in the following testimonial of Mr. G. D. Glass, an employee of Bartlett & Dennis Co., Gardiner, Me. He says: "I had kept adding to a cough and cold in the winter of 1897. Every cough medicine I heard of without permanent help, until one day I was in the drug store of Mr. Houlihan and he advised me to try Chamberlain's cough remedy and directed to pay for my money if I was not cured. My lungs and bronchial tubes were very sore at this time, but I was completely cured by this remedy and have since turned to it when I get a cold, and soon found relief. I also recommend it to my friends and am glad to say it is the best of all cough medicines." For sale by Mr. Craven.

The earlier Philetos will search for the missing warship Condor.

Danger of Colds and Grippe. The greatest danger of colds and grippe is their resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Tens of thousands who have used this remedy for these diseases have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that it is a certain preventive of that dangerous malady. It will cure a cold or an attack of grippe in less time than any other treatment. It is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by Mr. Craven who guarantees every bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and will refund the money to anyone who is not satisfied after using two-thirds of the contents. This is the best remedy in the world for grippe, coughs, colds, croup and whooping cough, and it places its safe to take. It prevents any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia.

The House yesterday completed consideration of the Urgent Deficiency Bill and it will be voted upon today. Provision is made in the bill for one payment of \$30,000 for incidental expenses of the committee which attended the funeral of President McKinley.

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